

AI SL Practice Set 4 Paper 1 Solution

1. (a) (i) The distance travelled
 $= 2\pi(1425000000)$ (M1) for valid approach
 $= 8953539063 \text{ km}$
 $= 8950000000 \text{ km}$ A1 N2
- (ii) The distance travelled
 $= \frac{2\pi(1425000000)}{(29)(365)}$ (M1) for valid approach
 $= 845870.483 \text{ km}$
 $= 846000 \text{ km}$ A1 N2 [4]
- (b) $8.46 \times 10^5 \text{ km}$ A2 N2 [2]
2. (a) $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
 $\therefore 128\pi = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 (6)$ (A1) for correct equation
 $r^2 = 64$
 $r = 8$
 Thus, the required radius is 8 cm. A1 N2 [2]
- (b) l
 $= \sqrt{r^2 + h^2}$ (M1) for valid approach
 $= \sqrt{8^2 + 6^2}$
 $= 10$
 Thus, the required slant height is 10 cm. A1 N2 [2]
- (c) The total surface area
 $= \pi r^2 + \pi r l$
 $= \pi(8)^2 + \pi(8)(10)$ (A1) for substitution
 $= 144\pi \text{ cm}^2$ A1 N2 [2]

3. (a) (i) $-\frac{1}{26}$ A1 N1
- (ii) -0.038462 A1 N1 [2]
- (b) The percentage error
 $= \left| \frac{-0.039 - (-0.038462)}{-0.038462} \right| \times 100\%$ (A1) for substitution
 $= 1.398783215\%$
 $= 1.40\%$ A1 N2 [2]
4. (a) (i) $\begin{cases} 7x + 8y + 5z = 49 \\ 4x + 6y + 10z = 18 \\ 11x + 9y = 82 \end{cases}$ A2 N2
- (ii) $x = 5, y = 3$ and $z = -2$ A3 N3 [5]
- (b) A team drops two points for losing a game. A1 N1 [1]
5. (a) (i) 20 hours A1 N1
- (ii) 15 hours A1 N1 [2]
- (b) 5 workers worked for more than 30 hours. (R1) for correct argument
Therefore, 12.5% of the workers worked for more than 30 hours.
 $\therefore k = 30$ A1 N2 [2]

6.	(a)	(i)	{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5}	A1	N1			
		(ii)	{-1, 1, 11, 35, 79, 149}	A2	N2			
	(b)					[3]		
		$g(x) = h(x)$ $x^3 + x^2 - 1 = 98 \ln(0.57x)$ $x^3 + x^2 - 1 - 98 \ln(0.57x) = 0$ By considering the graph of $y = x^3 + x^2 - 1 - 98 \ln(0.57x)$, $x = 1.9459391$ or $x = 4.0546399$. $\therefore x = 1.95$ or $x = 4.05$				A2	N2	
						[2]		
7.	(a)	H_0 : The outcomes follows the assigned distribution.			A1	N1	[1]	
	(b)	50			A1	N1	[1]	
	(c)	4			A1	N1	[1]	
	(d)	p -value = 0.0003344965427 p -value = 0.000334			(A1) for correct value		[2]	
	(e)	The null hypothesis is rejected. As p -value < 0.05.			A1	N2	[2]	
							[2]	

8.	(a)	(i)	c_n	A1	N1	
		(ii)	b_n	A1	N1	
	(b)	(i)	1.25	A1	N1	[2]
		(ii)	$\frac{3125}{128}$	A1	N1	
		(iii)	S_8			
			$= \frac{10(1.25^8 - 1)}{1.25 - 1}$	(A1) for substitution		
			$= 198.4185791$			
			$= 198$	A1	N2	[4]
9.	(a)	(i)	The radius			
			$= \sqrt{(10-6)^2 + (12-14)^2}$	(A1) for substitution		
			$= 4.472135955 \text{ km}$			
			$= 4.47 \text{ km}$	A1	N2	
		(ii)	4 km	A1	N1	
		(iii)	The apartment at P	A1	N1	[4]
	(b)		$x + y - 20 = 0$	A2	N2	[2]

10. (a) The initial number of tigers. A1 N1 [1]
- (b) 500 A1 N1 [1]
- (c) The required number
 $= P(7)$
 $= \frac{500}{\ln 2}(\ln(7+2))$ (M1) for substitution
 $= 1584.962501$
 $= 1580$ A1 N2 [2]
- (d) $P(t) = 1600$
 $\therefore \frac{500}{\ln 2}(\ln(t+2)) = 1600$ (M1) for setting equation
 $\frac{500}{\ln 2}(\ln(t+2)) - 1600 = 0$
 By considering the graph of
 $y = \frac{500}{\ln 2}(\ln(t+2)) - 1600, t = 7.1895868.$
 Thus, the number of complete days needed
 is 8. A1 N2 [2]
11. (a) $E(X) = 8.64$
 $\therefore 0.72n = 8.64$ (A1) for correct equation
 $n = 12$ A1 N2 [2]
- (b) $\text{Var}(X)$
 $= (12)(0.72)(1-0.72)$ (A1) for substitution
 $= 2.4192$ A1 N2 [2]
- (c) $P(X \geq 11)$
 $= 1 - P(X \leq 10)$ (A1) for substitution
 $= 0.1099809898$
 $= 0.110$ A1 N2 [2]

12. (a) By TVM Solver:

N = 120
I% = 4.5
PV = 0
PMT = -200
FV = ?
P / Y = 12
C / Y = 1
PMT : END

$$FV = 30095.13482$$

Thus, the value of the investment after ten years is \$30100.

(A2) for correct values

A1 N3

[3]

(b) By TVM Solver:

N = 144
I% = 4.5
PV = 0
PMT = ?
FV = 5×30095.13482
P / Y = 12
C / Y = 1
PMT : END

$$PMT = -794.6316652$$

Thus, the new amount of deposit is \$795.

(A2) for correct values

A1 N3

[3]

13. (a) x
 $= -\frac{b}{2a}$
 $= -\frac{100}{2(-1)}$ (A1) for substitution
 $= 50$ A1 N2 [2]
- (b) The required maximum height
 $= -50^2 + 100(50) - 1600$ A1
 $= -2500 + 5000 - 1600$
 $= 900$ m AG N0 [1]
- (c) $V = 0$
 $-x^2 + 100x - 1600 = 0$
 $x = 20$ or $x = 80$ (A1) for correct values
The required horizontal distance
 $= 80 - 20$ (M1) for valid approach
 $= 60$ m A1 N3 [3]
14. (a) $P'(x) = 3x^2 - 135(2x) + 5400(1)$ (A1) for correct derivatives
 $P'(x) = 3x^2 - 270x + 5400$ A1 N2 [2]
- (b) $P'(x) = 0$
 $3x^2 - 270x + 5400 = 0$ (M1) for setting equation
By considering the graph of
 $y = 3x^2 - 270x + 5400$, $x = 30$ or
 $x = 60$ (*Rejected*). (M1) for valid approach
Thus, the required number of loudspeakers is
30. A1 N3 [3]
- (c) \$67500 A1 N1 [1]